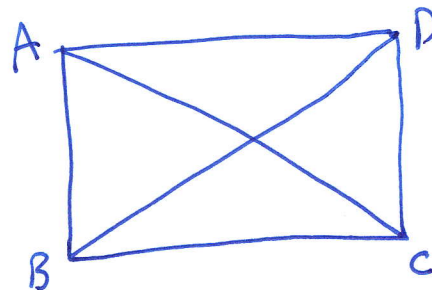


Worked Example – Using Congruent Triangles to Prove Properties of Quadrilaterals

Prove: The diagonals of a rectangle are congruent.

Given:  $ABCD$  is a rectangle  
 Prove:  $\overline{AC} \cong \overline{BD}$



Statements	Reasons
① $ABCD$ is a rectangle	① Given
② $\angle DAB$ and $\angle ABC$ are right angles	② Def. of a rectangle. (1)
③ $\angle DAB \cong \angle ABC$	③ All right angles are $\cong$ . (2)
④ $\overline{AB} \cong \overline{AB}$	④ Reflexive property of congruence.
⑤ $\overline{AD} \cong \overline{BC}$	⑤ Opposite sides of a parallelogram* are $\cong$ . (1)
⑥ $\triangle ABC \cong \triangle BAD$	⑥ S.A.S. (3, 4, 5)
⑦ $\overline{AC} \cong \overline{BD}$	⑦ C.P.C.T.C. (6)

→ "Corresponding Parts of Congruent Triangles are Congruent" (OR Definition of  $\cong \triangle$ .)

\* A rectangle is a parallelogram, so all properties of parallelograms are also properties of rectangles.

Objective: Use congruent triangles to prove properties of quadrilaterals.